

Sample problems for Fall 99 MT1

1. Consider the following continuous-time systems: $\forall t$,

$$H_1(x)(t) = x(t-1),$$

$$H_2(x)(t) = x(-t),$$

$$H_3(x)(t) = x(2t),$$

$$H_4(x)(t) = 2tx(t),$$

$$H_5(x)(t) = x(t) + 1.$$

Which of these systems are (1) linear, (2) time-invariant, (3) causal, (4) memoryless? Why?

2. Consider an LTI system with impulse response h given by

$$\forall n \in \text{Ints}, \quad h(n) = \delta(n) + 2\delta(n-1),$$

where δ is the Kronecker delta function.

- (a) Plot the impulse response.
(b) What is the output y of the system when the input x is the unit step,

$$\forall n, \quad x(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & n \geq 0, \\ 0, & n < 0 \end{cases}$$

Plot the output y .

- (c) What is the output when the input x is the ramp,

$$\forall n, \quad x(n) = \begin{cases} n, & n \geq 0, \\ 0, & n < 0 \end{cases}$$

Plot the output y .

- (d) Find an expression for the frequency response $\hat{H}(\omega)$ of the system.
(e) From this expression show that the frequency response is periodic with period 2π , i.e. verify that

$$\forall \omega, \quad \hat{H}(\omega) = \hat{H}(\omega + 2\pi).$$

- (f) Check that

$$\forall \omega \in \text{Reals}, \quad \hat{H}(-\omega) = [\hat{H}(\omega)]^*, \text{ and } \hat{H}(\omega) = [\hat{H}(-\omega)]^*$$

- (g) Find expressions for the amplitude response $|\hat{H}(\omega)|$ and the phase response $\angle \hat{H}(\omega)$.
(h) From these expressions check that the amplitude response is an even function of ω , i.e.

$$\forall \omega, \quad |\hat{H}(\omega)| = |\hat{H}(-\omega)|$$

and the phase response $\angle \hat{H}(\omega)$ is an odd function, i.e.

$$\angle \hat{H}(-\omega) = -\angle \hat{H}(\omega).$$

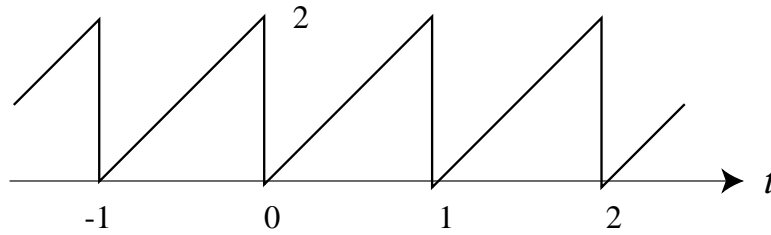


Figure 1: A periodic function

- (i) Plot the amplitude and phase response for $0 \leq \omega \leq \pi$.
- (j) Use these plots to obtain the plots for $-\infty < \omega < \infty$.
- (k) Suppose the input signal is

$$\forall n, \quad x(n) = \cos(25n + \pi/6) + \sin(26n + \pi/3).$$

Obtain an expression for the output signal y ?

3. Consider a continuous-time LTI system H . Suppose the response of H to the unit step input x :

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & t \geq 0 \\ 0, & t < 0 \end{cases}$$

is the signal y :

$$y(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Express y in terms of sums and differences of x and $D_1(x)$.
- (b) Using the unit delay system D_1 , constant gain blocks g , and adders, build a system which gives y as an output when the input is x . Call your system G .
- (c) What is the output of H when the input is

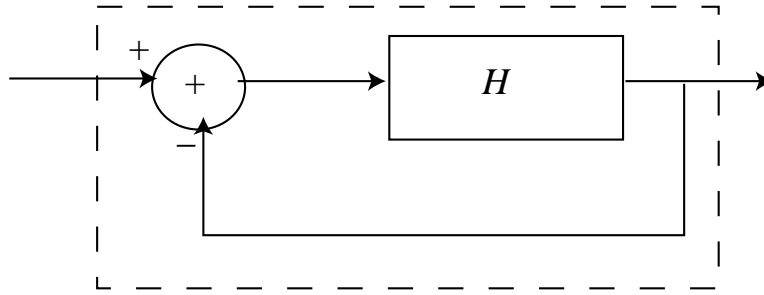
$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (d) What is the output of your system G for this input?
- (e) What is the frequency response $\hat{G}(\omega)$ of G ?

4. Obtain the exponential Fourier series representation of the periodic function shown in Figure 4. Suppose this periodic signal is input to an LTI system H whose frequency response is

$$\hat{H}(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1, & |\omega| \leq 2.5 \text{ rad/sec} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

What is the corresponding output?



5. A discrete-time LTI system H has the impulse response

$$h(n) = \begin{cases} 0, & n < 0 \\ \frac{1}{2^n}, & n \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

- (a) What is its response to a unit step input?
- (b) What is its frequency response? Plot the amplitude and phase response.
- (c) Suppose H is put in cascade with another system G with the same frequency response as H . What is the frequency response of the cascade system?
- (d) Suppose H is put in a feedback configuration as in Figure 5d: What is the frequency response of the closed-loop system?